

# Courses of Study 2019-20 Diploma Civil Engineering IILP

SANDIP UNUERSITY



# **School of Engineering and Technolog**

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# **School of Engineering and Technology**

Dip	lon	na (	Par	t Ti	me	) Ci	vil	En	gine	eriı	1g 2	018	-19	)																							
Semester				Course I				Course II				Course III				Course IV				Course V				Course VI				Course VII				Course VIII	L	т	Ρ	с	ontact Hours
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Ι	3	1	0	4	2	0	4	4	3	0	2	4	3	0	2	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
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# **School of Engineering and Technology**

Dip	lom	a (1	Par	t Ti	me	) C	ivil	Engi	inee	ring	g 20	018	-19																								
Semester				Course I				Course II				Course III				Course IV				Course V				Course VI				Course VII				Course VIII	L	т	Ρ	С	ontact Hours
																										Сс	ode			Сс	ode						Ŭ
	L	Т	Р	С	L	Т	Р	С	L	Т	Р	С	L	Т	Р	С	L	Т	Р	С	L	Т	Р	С	L	Т	Р	С	L	Т	Р	С					
>	3	0	0	3	0	0	2 4	1 2	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			2	2	
		Р	С				PC			Р	C			В	S			PW	/SI			PW	/SI										5	0	4	1	29
	DE	I			Pro Vo	oject ce	& Viv	va	Inte	ernsh	ip II		Env Stu	viron: dies	ment	al																					

Department El	ective I				
	Transportation Engineering				
Course Code	Course	L	т	Ρ	С
1	Public Health Engineering	3	0	0	3
2	Solid Waste Management	3	0	0	3
3					



Cou	rse	DTCE	101	Surveying						
Year		First		Semester	I				Prerequisite	ххх
Те	achin (Hrs/	g Sche 'Week)	me )	Continu	ous Interr (CIA	ial Assessn )	nent	End Ser Examir	nester nation	Total Marks
L	Т	Ρ	С	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	LAB	Theory	Lab	
4	0	2	5	20	20	10	25	50	25	100
	Μ	ax. Tin	ne, Enc	l Semester E	xam (Theo	ory) -3Hrs.		End Semeste	r Exam (Lab)	- 2Hr
Cou	rse Ok	ojective	es							
	1. D	efine a	nd stat	e use of surv	eys and als	so it's clas	sificatior	1		
,	2. D	escribe	e consti	ruction and u	se differen	t instrume	nts for lir	ear measurem	ents	
	3. W fie	′rite co eld	nstruct	ion and use	of differen	t instrumen	ts for set	ting offsets an	d Calculate th	ne area of
4	4. D	escribe	e constr	ruction and st	tate use of	prismatic c	compass.			
	5. D	escribe	differ	ent methods	of orientat	ion of Plan	e Tabling	2		

Course	Content		
Unit	Module	Content	Hours
No.	No.		
1	I	<ul> <li>Introduction: Definition of survey, Objects of different surveys, Uses of surveys.</li> <li>Classification of surveys- Primary and Secondary, Primary Division- Plane and Geodetic Surveys, Secondary- Based on instruments used, Nature of field and Objective. Principles of survey. Conventional symbols in survey plans/maps.</li> </ul>	5
2	I	<b>Linear Measurements:</b> Study and use of instruments for linear measurements- Metric chain, Measuring Tapes and its types, Ranging rod, Arrow, Peg, Digital tape, Methods of linear measurements- By pacing, by speedometer, by chaining, by digital tape.	7
	II	<b>Ranging</b> - Direct and indirect ranging and procedure, Code of signals used in ranging	6
		<b>Chaining</b> -Procedure on plane and sloping ground. Correction of linear measurement for incorrect length of chain/tape. (Simple problems)	6
3	I	<ul> <li>Chain Triangulation and cross staff survey: Principles of chain survey- Triangulation, Survey station types and their selection, survey line, Base line, Check line, Tie line.</li> <li>Offset: Types of offsets- Long, Short, Perpendicular and oblique, Instrument for setting offsets- Open cross staff, optical square, Principle of optical square, Setting offset with open cross staff and optical square. Survey field book and recording entries. Chain and Cross staff survey for finding area of</li> </ul>	5



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		the field. Simple numerical problems Types of obstacles in chaining and	
		methods of overcoming them. Simple numerical problems.	
4	Ι	Compass Traverse Survey: Principle of compass survey- Traversing, Prismatic compass- Component parts and their functions, setting of compass,. Meridian- True meridian, magnetic meridian and arbitrary meridian. Magnetic declination, dip of needle. Bearing of a line- True bearing, Magnetic bearing and arbitrary bearing. Systems of bearing- Whole circle bearing and Quadrantal bearing, Fore and back bearing of line and their relationship. Compass traversing-Open and close traverse, Local attraction and its detection. Correction for local attraction and finding corrected bearings and included angles. Numerical problems. Plotting the compass traverse and its graphical adjustment by Bowditch Rule. Sources of errors in compass	8
		survey.	
5		Plane Table Survey: Principle of plane table survey. Different accessories of plane table and their use. Setting of plane table, Telescopic alidade and its advantages. Orientation of plane table- Back sighting and Magnetic meridian. Methods of plane table surveys- Radiation, Intersection and Traversing. Merits and demerits of plane table survey.	8
		Levelling: Meaning of terms used in leveling- Level surface, Level line, Horizontal surface and line, Vertical line, Datum line, Reduced Level, Bench Mark and its types. Levelling instruments- Dumpy level and Auto level. Dumpy level- Component parts, Line of collimation, Axis of telescope, Axis of bubble-tube and their relationships, temporary adjustment, permanent adjustment of dumpy level Auto Level- Component parts and temporary adjustments. Leveling Staff- Telescopic. Fore Sight, Back Sight, Intermediate Sight, Negative staff reading, Change point, Height of plane of collimation, Station point, Rise and Fall, Level book and its recording, Methods of leveling- Simple levelling, Differential levelling, Profile and Cross sectioning, Fly levelling, Check levelling and reciprocal levelling Method of reduction of level- Height of instrument, Rise and Fall method. Arithmetic check. Numerical problems. Sources of errors in leveling, precautionary measures.	8
		Total No. of Hrs	52

Course Outcome

Students should able to







CO1	□ Understand the need of surveying.
CO2	Understand handling and use of different survey instruments for the field operations.
CO3	Understand linear and angular measurements
CO4	Understand the preparation of plans/maps by using field observations
CO5	Select suitable instruments and appropriate method of survey

Recommended Re	esources
Text Books	
Reference Books	Surveying and Leveling- 38th edition by N N Basak (Tata McGraw Hill) Surveying- Volume-I, Third Edition S.K. Duggal (Tata McGraw Hill)
E-Resources	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105107122/1

Cou	rse	DTCE	102	Applied Mo	echanics					
Year		First		Semester	I				Prerequisite	XXX
Те	eachin	ig Sche	me	Continu	ious Intern	al Assessn	nent	End Ser	nester	Total
	(Hrs/	/Week)			(CIA	)		Examir	nation	Marks
L	Т	Р	С	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	LAB	Theory	Lab	
4	0	2	5	20	20	10	25	50	25	150
	Μ	lax. Tin	ne, End	d Semester E	xam (Theo	ory) -3Hrs.		End Semeste	r Exam (Lab)	- 2Hr

#### **Course Objectives**

1. Calculate velocity ratio for given machine & Find Efficiency of given machine.

2. Define related terms in mechanics & Calculate Components of forces.

3. Calculate resultant analytically for given force system & Calculate resultant graphically.



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- 4. State conditions of equilibrium for given force system & Calculate reactions of beams for different static loading.
- 5. Define terms related to friction & Apply conditions of equilibrium for forces acting on a body associated with friction

Course	Content		
Unit	Module	Content	Hours
No.	No.		
1	Ι	Introduction: Definitions, Simple machine, compound machine,	10
		load, effort, mechanical advantage, velocity ratio, input of a	
		machine, and output of a machine efficiency of a machine, ideal	
		machine, ideal effort and ideal load, load lost in friction, effort lost in	
		friction.	
		Analysis: Law of machine, maximum mechanical advantage and	
		maximum efficiency of a machine, reversibility of a machine, condition	
		for reversibility of a machine, self-locking machine. Simple numerical	
		problems.	
		Velocity Ratio for simple machines: Simple axle and wheel, differential	
		axle and wheel, Weston's differential pulley block, single purchase crab,	
		double purchase crab, worm and worm wheel, geared pulley block, screw	
		jack, calculation of mechanical advantage, efficiency, identification of	
		type such as reversible or not etc.	
2	I	Fundamentals and Force systems: Definitions of mechanics,	14
		Engineering mechanics, statics, dynamics, Kinetics, Kinematics,	
		rigid body, classification of force system according to plane	
		coplanar and non-coplanar ,sub classification of coplanar force	
		system- collinear , concurrent, non-concurrent, parallel, like	
		parallel, unlike parallel, general etc. Definition of a force, S.I. unit	
		of a force, representation of a force by vector and by Bow's	
		notation method. Characteristics of a force, effects of a force,	
		principle of transmissibility.	
	II	Resolution of a force and Moment of a force: Definition, Method	10
		of resolution, along mutually perpendicular direction and along two	



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		given direction. Definition of moment, S. I. unit, classification of	
		moments, sign convention, law of moments Varignon's theorem of	
		moment and it's use, definition of couple, S.I. unit, properties of	
		couple with example.	
3	I	Composition of Forces : Analytical method, efinition of Resultant	10
		force, methods of composition of forces, Law Of parallelogram of	
		forces, Algebraic method for determination of resultant for	
		concurrent and non concurrent, parallel coplanar force system.	
		Graphical method:Space diagram, vector diagram, polar diagram,	
		and funicular polygon. Resultant of concurrent and parallel force	
		system only.	
4	I	Equilibrium	10
		Equilibrant and Lami's Theorem:	
		Definition of equilibrant, relation between resultant and equilibrant,	
		equilibrant of concurrent and non-concurrent force system.	
		Analytical and graphical conditions of equilibrium for concurrent,	
		non-concurrent and parallel force system, free body and free body	
		diagram. Statement and explanation of Lami's theorem,	
		Application of Lami's theorem for solving various engineering	
		problems	
		Beams:Definition, Types of beams (cantilever, simply supported,	
		overhanging, fixed, continuous), Types of end supports (simple	
		support, hinged, roller), classification of loads, point load, inclined	
		point load, uniformly distributed. load. Analytical method to	
		determine reactions of simply supported, cantilever and over	
		hanging beam subjected to point loads and UDL and graphical	
		method to determine reactions for beams subjected to vertical point	
		loads & udl only.	
5	I	Friction: Definition, Friction, limiting frictional force, coefficient	10
		of friction, angle of friction, angle of repose, relation between angle	
		of friction, angle of repose and coefficient of friction. Cone of	
		friction, types of friction, laws of friction, advantages and	





	disadvantages.	
	Equilibrium of body on Horizontal and inclined plane:	
	Equilibrium of body on horizontal plane subjected to horizontal and	
	inclined force. Equilibrium of body on inclined plane subjected to	
	forces applied parallel to the plane only. Concept of ladder fraction.	
	Total No. of Hrs	54
	Total No. of Hrs	5,

Beyond the Syllabus						
Course Outco	Course Outcome					
Students sho	uld able to					
CO1	Understand the effect of different types of coplanar forces.					
CO2	Apply Principles of equilibrium in finding reactions of different types of beams.					
СО3	Apply principles of equilibrium for locating centroid and centre of gravity for given solids.					
CO4	Understand working of different types of machines.					
CO5	Understand the effect of different types of coplanar forces.					

Recommended R	esources
Text Books:	Nirali Publication
Reference Books	<ol> <li>Engineering Mechanics by R.S.Khurmi - S. Chand &amp; Company Ltd</li> <li>Engineering Mechanics by Shames and Rao - Pearsion Education</li> <li>Applied Mechanics by S. Ramamruthum - Dhanpat Rai &amp; Sones, Delhi</li> </ol>
E-Resources	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122102004/





Cou	rse	DTCE	103	Applied Ma	athematics	S				
Year First				Semester	I	Prerequisite			XXX	
Те	eachin	g Sche	me	Continu	ous Intern	al Assessn	nent	End Semester		Total
(Hrs/Week)					(CIA)			Examination		Marks
L	Т	Р	С	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	LAB	Theory Lab		
4	1	-	5	20	20	10	10 - 50 -		-	100
Max. Time, End Semester Exam (Theory) -3Hrs.										
Course Objectives										
	1 Find roots of algebraic equations which are not in real.									
	2. Identify the function and find the value of function.									
	3. To evaluate limit of function.									

Course Content					
Unit	Module	Content	Hours		
No.	No.				
1	I	Complex number: Definition of complex number, Cartesian, polar	18		
		and exponential forms of complex number. Algebra of complex			
		number such as equality, addition, subtraction, multiplication and			
		division. De- Moivre's theorem with simple examples.			
		Euler's form of circular functions, hyperbolic functions and relation			
		between circular and hyperbolic functions.			
2	I	Differential Calculus:	6		
		<b>2.1 Function:</b> Definition of function, range and domain of function.			
		Value of function at a point. Types of functions and examples			
	11	<b>2.2 Limits:</b> Concept and definition of limit. Limits of algebraic, trigonometric, logarithmic and exponential functions with examples.	6		
		2.3 Derivatives: Definition of derivatives, notation, derivatives	6		
		of standard function using first principle. Rules of differentiation			
		such as, derivatives of sum or difference, product, and quotient			



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		with proofs Derivative of composite function with proof (Chain	
		with proofs. Derivative of composite function with proof ( chain	
		rule ), Derivatives of inverse trigonometric functions using	
		substitution, Derivatives of inverse function, Derivatives of	
		implicit function, Derivatives of parametric function,	
		Derivatives of one function w.r.t another function,Logarithmic	
		differentiation. Second order differentiation	
3	1	Numerical Method:	10
		Solution of algebraic equation: Bisection method. Regula falsi method.	
		Newton Ranshon method	
	11	Numerical solution of simultaneous equations: Gauss elimination	8
		wethed Jacobi's method Course Soldal method	0
		method, Jacobi s method, Gauss Seidal method	
		Total No. of Hrs	54

Course Outcome						
Students should able to						
CO1	Use complex numbers for representing different circuit component in complex form to determine performance of electrical circuit and machines.					
CO2	Apply rules and methods of differential calculus to solve problems.					
CO3	Apply various numerical methods to solve algebraic and simultaneous equations.					
CO4						

Recommended Resources					
Text Books	Nirali Publication				
Reference Books	<ul><li>1.Mathematics for polytechnic by S. P. Deshpande- Pune Vidyarthi Griha Prakashan, Pune</li><li>2. Higher Engineering Mathematics by B. S .Grewal - Khanna Publication, New Delhi</li></ul>				
E-Resources	www.khan academy				





Cou	rse	DTCE104 Building construction & Material								
Year		First		Semester	I		Prerequisite			XXX
Teaching Scheme (Hrs/Week)				Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)				End Semester Examination		Total Marks
L	Т	Р	С	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	LAB	Theory	Lab	
4	0	2	5	20	20	10	25	50	25	150
	N	lax. Tin	ne, Enc	l Semester E	xam (Theo	ory) -3Hrs.				
Cou	rse Ol	ojectivo	es							
	1. D	efine a	nd stat	e use of surv	eys and als	so it's clas	sification	l		
	2. D	escribe	e constr	uction and u	se differen	t instrumer	nts for lin	lear measurem	ents	
	3. Write construction and use of different instruments for setting offsets and Calculate the area of field							ne area of		
4	4. D	escribe	e constr	ruction and st	ate use of	prismatic c	compass.			
	5. D	escribe	differ	ent methods	of orientati	ion of Plan	e Tabling	5		

Course Content							
Unit	Module	Content	Hours				
No.	No.						





1	I	Building Structures And Components:	10
		Load bearing, Framed and composite structure, Sub structure: foundation,	
		Plinth and DPC its function.Super structure: Wall, sill, lintel, doors and	
		windows, floor, roof, parapet, slab, columns, beams, and their functions.	
		General design Principles of Earthquake Resistant structures: while	
		planning and during construction	
2	I	<b>Construction of Sub Structure</b> Site Clearance, preparing job layout, layout for load bearing structure and	10
		tramed structure by centre line and face line method. Precautions while marking layout on ground.	
		Excavation for foundation, timbering and strutting for foundation trench,	
		dewatering of foundation, tools and plants used for excavation.	5
		Types a) Shallow foundation- wall footing, isolated and combined column footing, stepped foundation, raft foundation.	J
		<b>Deep Foundation:</b> Pile foundation, well foundation and caisson. Precautions to be taken while constructing foundation in black cotton soil.	5
3	I	Construction of Superstructure	10
		<b>3.1 Masonry Work</b> Stone masonry <sup>.</sup> Terms used in stone masonry- facing backing hearting	
		through stone corner stone cornice etc. Type of stone masonry: Rubble	
		masonry Ashlar Masonry and their types Requirements of good stone	
		masonry, expansion joints in stone masonry their purpose and procedure	
		Brick masonry: Terms used in brick masonry- bond joints lan frog line	
		level and plumb Bonds in brick masonry- header hond stretcher hond	
		English bond and Elemish bond Requirements of good brick masonry	
		expansion joints in brick masonry their purpose and procedure	
		Comparison between stone masonry and Brick Masonry	
		Tools and plants required for construction of stone masonry and brick	
		masonry	
		Hollow concrete block masonry and composite masonry	
		Scaffolding: Necessity component parts and types of Scaffolding	
		Scaffolding and platforms used for multi storeved building	
		Doors and windows	10
		<ul> <li>Door &amp; windows</li> <li>Door &amp; window frames, location of Doors and Windows, various sizes of doors and windows for residential and public buildings.</li> <li>a) Types of doors: Batten Ledged braced framed door, panelled, glazed, flush, collapsible, revolving doors, rolling shutters.</li> <li>b) Types of windows: Casement, Panelled, Steel, Aluminium, Sliding, louvered window, Grills and Ventilators. Fixture and Fastening for</li> </ul>	10



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	doors, windows Sill, lintel - types and function, Arch - types and function. Procedure for replacing the glass of existing sliding window.	
III	Vertical Communication Means of vertical communications: Stairs, lift/ Elevators, Escalators, Ramp (sketches and suitability).Terms used in stair- Step, riser, tread, flight, Winder, Kite step, landing, soffit, pitch, Newel posts, hand rail, balustrade, head room. Types of stairs: straight, quarter turn, half turn, open well, doglegged, spiral, bifurcated, circular, sketch and suitability, Requirements of good staircase, thumb rule for stair design	4
	Total No. of Hrs	54

Course Ou	Course Outcome					
Students	Students should able to					
CO1	Classify various types of structure					
CO2	List various components of building and their function					
CO3	Draw sketches and label the parts of various components.					
CO4	Set out layout of building structure on ground & State various terms related to substructure.					
CO5	Sketch and label various components of super structure					

Recommended Resources	
Text Books	Nirali Publication
Reference Books	Building Construction by Sushil Kumar - Standard, New Delhi Building Construction by P C Varghese - PHI, New Delhi Building Construction by S. C. Rangwala – Charotor publication
E-Resources	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102088/





## Semester 2

Cou	rse	DTCE	201	Advance Su	urveying								
Year		First		Semester	II		Prerequisite [			DTCE101			
Те	achin	g Sche	me	Continu	ous Intern	nal Assessment End Semester				al Assessment End Semester Tot			Total
(Hrs/Week)					(CIA	)		Examir	nation	Marks			
L	Т	Ρ	С	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	LAB	Theory	Lab				
4	0	2	5	20	20	10	25	50	25	150			
Max. Time, End Semester Exam (Theory) -3Hrs. End Semester Exam (Lab) - 2Hr					- 2Hr								
	I												
Cou	Course Objectives												
	1. St	ate the	mean	ing of contou	ır, contour	· interval a	nd horizo	ontal equivaler	nt.				
,	2. C	omput	ethe ai	ea & volum	e								
	3. Use the theodolite for measurement of horizontal angle, deflection angle, magnetic bearing and vertical angle						bearing						
4	4. U	se tach	neomet	er to find ho	orizontal a	nd vertical	distance	es					
	5.												

Course	Content		
Unit	Module	Content	Hours
No.	No.		
1	I	<b>Contouring</b> :Concept of contour, contour interval and horizontal equivalent. Factors affecting contour interval, Characteristics of contours, Interpretation of ground features from contour map, Uses of contour map. Methods of contouring, Direct method and Indirect method (block contouring, Longitudinal and cross sectioning) Interpolation of contour and its methods, Concept of grade contour, Establishing grade contour on ground, Locating grade contour on contour map	10
2	I	Area and Volume Measurement: Instruments used for measuring the	10
		area- Polar Planimeter and Digital Planimeter. Polar Planimeter-	



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		Component parts and procedure of measurement of area. Simple	
		numerical problems.	
		Digital planimeter- Component parts and procedure of measurement.	
		Computation of volume from contour maps by Trapezoidal and	
		Priszmoidal formulae, Simple numerical problems.	
3	I	Theodolite Surveying : Types of theodolite, uses of theodolite,	8
		Component parts of transit theodolite and their functions, Reading the	
		vernier of transit thedolite, Technical terms- Swinging, Transiting, Face	
		left, Face right, Fundamental axes of transit theodolite and their	
		relationship	
	11	Temporary adjustment of transit theodolite, Measurement of horizontal	8
		angle- Direct and Repetition method, Errors eleminated by method of	
		repetition, Measurement of magnetic bearing of a line, Prolonging and	
		ranging a line, Measurement of deflection angle, Measurement of vertical	
		Angle. Permanent adjustment of transit theodolite	
	III	Thedolite traversing by included angle method and deflection angle	8
		method. Check in open and closed traverse, Calculations of bearing from	
		angles, Traverse computation-Latitude, Departure, Consecutive	
		cordinates, Independent cordinates, Balancing traverse by Bowditch's rule	
		and Transit rule, Gale's table calculations, Simple numerical problem	
4	-	Tacheometry : Meaning of tacheometer and tacheometry, Principle of	10
		tacheometry, Essential requirement of tacheometer. Tacheometric	
		formula for horizontal distance with telescope horizontal and staff	
		vertical, Field method for determining constants of tacheometer,	
		Determining horizontal and vertical distances with tacheometer by fixed	
		hair method and staff held vertical, Limitation of tacheometry Simple	
		numerical problems.	
		Contouring by tacheometer-Method and specific use.	
		Total No. of Hrs	54

Course Ou	Course Outcome						
Students s	Students should able to						
CO1	Understand handling and use of various survey instruments for field observations.						
CO2	Understand linear and angular measurements						
CO3	Select suitable instruments and appropriate method of survey.						
CO4	Understand the preparation of maps from the field observations.						





RecommendedRe	RecommendedResources				
Text Books	Nirali Publication				
Reference Books	Surveying and Leveling- 38 th edition by N.N. Basak - Tata McGraw Hill Surveying- Volume-I, II Third Edition by S K Duggle - Tata McGraw Hill				
	Surveying and Leveling-1, II by T.P. Kanetkar and Kulkarni - Pune Vidyarthi Grigh				
	Prakashan				
E-Resources	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105104100/				







Cou	rse	DTCE	202	Transporta	ansportation Engineering					
Year		First		Semester	II		Prerequisite XXX			XXX
Teaching Scheme			me	Continu	ous Intern	al Assessment End Semester				Total
(Hrs/Week)					(CIA	)		Examir	nation	Marks
L	Т	Р	С	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	LAB	Theory	Lab	
4	0	2	5	20	20	10	25	50	25	150
Max. Time, End Semester Exam (Theory) -3Hrs. End Semester Exam (Lab) - 2					- 2Hr					
Cou	rse Ol	ojective	es							
	1. K er	now co ngineer	ompon 'ing	ent parts of	railway, b	ridges, tun	nels, air	port and dock	and harbour	
	2. Understand methods of survey and investigation of alignment of railway, bridges and tunnels.									
	3. Organize, supervise and coordinate the construction activities related to railway, bridges and tunnels									
	4. Define different terminologies related to bridge engineering									
	5. S	tate fu	nctior	ns of compo	onent part	ts of bridg	ge			

Course	Content		
Unit	Module	Content	Hours
No.	No.		
1	I	Railway Engineering: Alignment and Gauges and Permanent ways, Classification of Indian Railways, zones of Indian Railway. Alignment- Factors governing rail alignment. Rail Gauges – types, factors affecting selection of gauge. Rail track cross sections – standard cross section of BG and M.G Single and double line in cutting and embankment.	10
	II	<b>Permanent ways</b> Ideal requirement, component parts. Rails - function and its types. Rail Joints - requirements, types, Creep of rail, causes and prevention of creep. Sleepers - functions and Requirement, types - wooden, metal, concrete sleepers and their suitability, sleeper density Ballast - function and different types with their properties, relative merits and demerits. Rail fixtures and fastenings – fish plate, bearing plates, spikes, bolts,	10





		keys anchors and anti creeners	
		Reilway Track Geometrics and Branching of Tracks	Q
		Coning of wheels tilting of rails Gradient and its types Super	0
		elevation limits of Super elevation on curves cant deficiency	
		negative cant, grade compensation on curves	
		Branching of Tracks	
		Definition of point and crossing, a simple split switch turnout	
		consisting of points and crossing lines. Sketch showing	
		different components, their functions and working. Line	
		sketches of track junctions-crossovers, scissor cross over.	
		diamond crossing, triangle. Inspection of points and crossings.	
		Site selection for railway stations. Requirements of railway	
		station. Types of stations (way side, crossing, junction and	
		terminal)	
		Station yards, types of station yard, Passenger yards, good	
		yard Locomotive yard – its requirements, water column,	
		Marshalling yard – its types.	
		Track Maintenance	
		Necessity, types, Tools required and their function, orgnisation,	
		duties of permanent way inspector, gang mate key man.	
2	I	Bridge Engineering:	10
		Site selection and investigation	
		Factors affecting selection of site of a bridge. Bridge alignment	
		Collection of design data. Classification of bridges according to	
		function, material, span, size, alignment, position of HFL.	
		Component parts of bridge	8
		Plan and sectional elevation of bridge showing component parts of,	
		substructure and super structure.	
		Different terminology such as effective span, clear span,	
		economical span, waterway, afflux, scour, HFL, freeboard, etc.	
		Foundation - function, types. Piers-function, requirements, types.	
		Abutment – function, types. Wing walls – functions and types.	
		Bearing – functions, types of bearing for RCC and steel bridges.	
		Approaches – in cutting and embankment.	
		Bridge flooring- open and solid floors	
		Permanent and Temporary Bridges and Maintenance of Bridge	8
		Permanent Bridges - Sketches and description in brief of	
		culverts, causeways, masonry, arch, steel, movable steel bridges,	
		RCC girder bridge, prestressed girder bridge, cantilever,	
		bridges	
		Inspection and Maintenance Of Bridge	
		Inspection of bridges-General points to be observed. Dre and post	
		mansoon inspection-Purnose	
		Maintenance of bridges: types – routine and special Maintenance	
		Total No. of Hrs	52
			52





Course O	Course Outcome					
Students	should able to					
CO1	List various modes of transportation system with their merits and demerits & State importance of cross drainage works					
CO2	State component parts of permanent way with their functions types, merits and demerits.					
CO3	Draw different track junctions and station yards					
CO4	Define different terminologies related to bridge engineering					
CO5	State functions of component parts of bridge					

RecommendedRe	sources
Text Books	Nirali Publication
Reference Books	Principles of Railway Engineering by S.C. Rangwala - Charotar Publication Principles and Practice of Bridge Engineering by S P Bindra - Dhanpatrai & sons Railway Track by K B. Antia - The New Book Co. Pyt. Ltd Mumbai
E-Resources	https://nptel.ac.in/downloads/105101087/

Cou	rse	DTCE	203	Mechanics	of Structu	ucture				
Year	•	First		Semester	II		Prerequisite XX			XXX
Teaching Scheme			me	Continuous Internal Assessment				End Semester		Total
(Hrs/Week)			(CIA	)		Examir	nation	Marks		
L	Т	Р	С	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	LAB	Theory	Lab	



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4	0	2	5	20	20	10	25	50	25	150
Max. Time, End Semester Exam (Theory) -3Hrs. End Semester Exam (Lab) - 2Hr							- 2Hr			
Cou	rse O	bjectiv	es							
	1. Calculate moment of inertia Standard plane figures & Calculate moment of inertia, Radius of gyration of Built up sections.						, Radius of			
	2. Draw stress-strain curve for ductile and brittle materials and locate salient points.									
	3. C tr	. Calculate change in dimensions and volume of the body subjected to uniaxial, biaxial, triaxial loads.					kial,			
4	4. C	Draw Shear force and Bending Moment diagrams and locate salient points.								
	5. Draw bending stress and shear stress distribution diagram									

Course	Content		
Unit	Module	Content	Hours
No.	No.		
1	I	Moment of Inertia	10
		Concept of Moment of Inertia, Moment of Inertia of plane areas such as	
		square, rectangle, triangle, circle, semicircle and quarter circle	
		Parallel axis and perpendicular axis theorem, M.I of built up sections,	
		symmetrical and Unsymmetrical sections, radius of gyration and polar	
		moment of inertia.	
2	1	<ul> <li>Simple Stress and Strain</li> <li>Definition of rigid body, plastic body, mechanical properties of metal such as elasticity and elastic limit.</li> <li>Definition of stress, strain, modulus of elasticity, S. I. Unit.</li> <li>Classification of stress, strain, Sign convention. Stress, strain curve for mild steel and HYSD bar, yield stress/ proof stress, Ultimate stress, breaking stress and percentage elongation.</li> <li>Deformation of body due to axial load. Deformation of a Body subjected to axial forces. Deformation of body of stepped cross section due to axial load, maximum stress and minimum stress induced. Stresses in bars of composite section and deformation.</li> <li>Shear stress, shear strain and modulus of rigidity, complementary shear stress state of simple shear nunching shear.</li> </ul>	5
3	1	Elastic Constants Definition of lateral strain, Poisson's ratio, Change in lateral dimensions Volumetric strain due to uni-axial force and change in dimension, Biaxial and tri-axial stresses and volumetric strain and change in volume Definition of bulk modulus, volumetric strain. Relation between modulus of elasticity, modulus of rigidity and bulk modulus.	10





		Definitions of temperature stress and strain, Nature of stress and strain	
		due to change in temperature (no composite sections) in a bar.	
4	I	Shear Force And Bending Moment Types of beams - cantilever, simply supported, fixed and continuous beams with overhang, types of loading- point load, uniformly distributed load, support reactions for determinate structures Concept of shear force and bending moment, sign convention. Relation between bending moment, shear force and rate of loading Shear force and bending moment diagrams for simply supported beams, overhanging beams and cantilever subjected to point loads, UDL and couples, (combination of any two types of loading) point of contra flexure	12
5	Ι	<ul> <li>Stresses in Beam</li> <li>Bending Stresses</li> <li>Bending Stresses in Beams: Concept of pure bending, theory of simple bending, assumptions in theory of bending, neutral axis, bending stresses and their nature, bending stress distribution diagram, moment of resistance.</li> <li>Application of theory of bending to symmetrical and unsymmetrical sections.</li> <li>Shear Stresses</li> <li>Shear stresses in beams: Shear stress equation, meaning of terms in equation, shear stress distribution for rectangular, hollow rectangular, circular sections and hollow circular sections</li> <li>Relation between maximum shear stress and average shear stress</li> </ul>	12
		Total No. of Hrs	54

#### Course Outcome

Students	should able to
CO1	Understand various mechanical properties of materials.
CO2	Understand the behavior of members under different types of load.
CO3	Apply principles of equilibrium for determining shear force and bending moment for a given beam.
CO4	Understand the principles of calculating moment of Inertia for simple and composite sections.
CO5	Understand various mechanical properties of materials.





RecommendedRes	RecommendedResources				
Text Books	Nirali Publication				
Reference Books	Strength of Material by R. S. Khurmi - S. Chand &Company Delhi Strength of Material by S. Ramamurtham – dhanpat Rai & sons Strength of material by R. K. Bansal – Laymi Publication				
E-Resources	www.nptel.com, www.nittr.com				

Cou	rse	DTCE	204	Concrete T	echnology					
Year	•	First		Semester	II		Prerequisite		Prerequisite	XXX
Те	eachin	g Sche	me	Continu	Continuous Internal Assessment				nester	Total
(Hrs/Week)			(CIA)				Examination		Marks	
L	Т	Р	С	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	LAB	Theory	Lab	
4	0	2	5	20	20	10	25	50	25	150
Max. Time, End			Semester Exam (Theory) -3Hrs.				End Semester Exam (Lab) - 2Hr			
Cou	Course Objectives									
	1. St	tate ph	ysical	properties a	nd tests of	cement &	State us	e of various ty	pes of cemer	nt.
	2. List and describe different properties of Aggregates & Carry out various Tests on the					the				
	Aggregates of concrete.									
	3. D	esign	concre	ete mix						
	4. Understand Techniques of quality control of concrete.									







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Course Content					
Module	Content	Hours			
No.					
I	Cement	12			
	Chemical Constituents of OPC and their effects on properties of OPC, Bogue's compounds and their properties, Hydration of cement. Physical properties of OPC-Fineness, setting, compressive strength and soundness. Different grades of OPC. 33, 43, and 53 with specifications of physical properties as per relevant IS codes. Testing of OPC –field tests and laboratory tests-fineness test, standard consistency test, setting time test, compressive strength test, soundness test. Storage of cement and effect of storage on properties of cement. Physical properties, I.S. Specifications and field application of following				
	types of cement :- Rapid hardening cement, Low heat cement, Portland				
	pozzolana cement, Sulphate resisting cement, Blast furnace slag cement,				
	White cement.				
Ι	Aggregate Requirement of Good Aggregate. Classification of Aggregate according to source, Size and Shape. Properties of fine aggregates :Concept of size, specific gravity, bulk density, water Absorption and Bulking. Determination of fineness modulus and grading zone of Sand by sieve analysis, determination of silt content in sand and their specification as per IS 383. Determination of Bulking of sand. Concept of crushed Sand. Properties of coarse aggregates: Concept of size, shape, surface texture, water absorption, soundness, specific gravity and bulk density Determination of fineness modulus of coarse aggregate by sieve analysis, grading of Coarse Aggregates. Determination of crushing value, impact value and abrasion value of coarse aggregate with specification.	12			
Ι	Concrete Introduction to concrete Definition of concrete, necessity of supervision for concreting operation, different grades of concrete (ordinary Concrete, standard concrete and high strength concrete as per provisions of IS 456- 2000. Water cement ratio:- Definition of w/c ratio, Duff Abraham w/c law, significance of w/c ratio, selection of w/c ratio for different grades of concrete prepared from different grades of OPC as per graphs specified in IS 10262 -1982, maximum w/c ratio for different grades of concrete for	10			
	I I	Module No.         Content           I         Cement           Chemical Constituents of OPC and their effects on properties of OPC, Bogue's compounds and their properties, Hydration of cement. Physical properties of OPC-Fineness, setting, compressive strength and soundness. Different grades of OPC. 33, 43, and 53 with specifications of physical properties as per relevant IS codes. Testing of OPC -field tests and laboratory tests-fineness test, standard consistency test, setting time test, compressive strength test, soundness test. Storage of cement and effect of storage on properties of cement. Physical properties, I.S. Specifications and field application of following types of cement :- Rapid hardening cement, Low heat cement, Portland pozzolana cement, Sulphate resisting cement, Blast furnace slag cement, White cement.           1         Aggregate Requirement of Good Aggregate. Classification of Aggregate according to source, Size and Shape. Properties of fine aggregates :Concept of size, specific gravity, bulk density, water Absorption and Bulking. Determination of fineness modulus and grading zone of Sand by sive analysis, determination of silt content in sand and their specification as per IS 383. Determination of Bulking of sand. Concept of crushed Sand. Properties of coarse aggregates: Uncompt of size, shape, surface texture, water absorption, soundness, specific gravity and bulk density Determination of concrete           1         Concrete           1         Concrete           1         Concrete           1         Concrete           1         Concrete           2         Definition of concrete, necessity of supervision for concreting operation, different grades of co			





	П	Properties of fresh and Hardened concrete	5
		Definition of workability, factors affecting workability of Concrete.	
		Determination of workability of concrete by slump cone test, compaction	
		factor test. Range values of workability requirement for different types of	
		concrete works. Segregation, bleeding.	
		Definition of compressive strength, durability and Impermeability of	
		concrete. Factor affecting compressive strength, durability and	
		Impermeability of concrete.	
		Concrete Mix Design and Testing of Concrete	5
		Objectives of mix design, list of different method of mix design, study of	
		mix design procedure by I.S. method as per I.S. 10262-1982 (Only	
		procedural steps)	
		Testing of concrete:-Significance of testing, determination of	
		compressive strength of concrete cubes at different ages, interpretation	
		and co-relation of test results	
		Non- destructive testing of concrete:- Importance of NDT, methods of NDT	
		- rebound hammer test and ultrasonic pulse velocity test, working	
		principle of rebound hammer and factor affecting the rebound index,	
		specification for deciding the quality of concrete by Ultrasonic pulse	
		velocity as per I.S.13311 (part 1 and 2).	
		Determination of compressive strength of concrete by rebound hammer	
		test as per I.S. 13311, determination of Quality of concrete by ultrasonic	
		pulse velocity test.	
4	I	Quality of Concrete	20
		Concreting Operation	
		Batching- Definition and Types of Batching.	
		Mixing- Types of Mixing and Types of mixers.	
		Form work : Form work for concreting, different types of form works	
		for members like beams, slabs, Columns, materials used for form work,	
		requirement of good form work. Stripping time for removal of form works	
		per IS 456-2000 provision for different structural members.	
		Transportation: Modes of transportation of concrete, precautions to be	
		taken during transportation.	
		Placing: placing of concrete in form work, precautions to be taken while	
		placing of concrete.	
		Compaction of concrete: methods of compaction, care to be taken during	





compaction.	
Finishing of concrete: purpose of finishing, types of Finishing.	
Curing of concrete: definition of curing, necessity of curing, different	
methods of curing and their application	
Waterproofing and Joints of concrete	
Waterproofing: Importance and need of waterproofing, methods of	
Waterproofing and materials used for waterproofing.	
Joints in concrete construction: Types of joints, joining old and new	
concrete, methods of joining, Materials used for filling joints.	
Total No. of Hrs	54

Course O	Course Outcome				
Students should able to					
CO1	Ensure the quality of ingredients of concrete.				
CO2	Design concrete mix.				
CO3	Understand Techniques of quality control of concrete.				
CO4	Describe various concrete operations.				

RecommendedRe	esources
Text Books	Nirali Publication
Reference Books	Concrete Technology by M. S. Shetty – S Chand Publication Concrete Technology by M L Gambhir - Tata Mc-Graw. Hill blishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi Concrete Technology by A. M. Neville and
	J. J. Brooks - Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd.New Delhi
E-Resources	
	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105102012/



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#### School of Engineering and Technology Common to All

#### Year: First Year Course: English Communication Skill (HSS)

Semester:I Course Code: 17YHS111

( <b>I</b>	Feac Sch Irs/V	hing eme Wee	g k)	Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)					End Se Exami	emester nation	Total
L	Т	Р	C	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	CIA-4	Lab	Orals	Lab	
2	-	2	3	10	20	10	10	-	50	-	100
Max. Time,End Semester Exam						n		End Sem	nester Ora	ls –1 Hr.	

Prerequisite	1.	Functio	nal gra	ımmar-l	Parts o	of speech,	Tenses,	Sentence	e pattern	
	2.	Formal	letter							
	~									

3. Fluency in reading and speaking

Cou	Course Objectives						
1	To acquire basic language skills (LSRW) to communicate with speakers of English language.						
2	To develop their intellectual, personal and professional abilities.						
3	To develop skill to communicate fluently.						
4	To enhance team building and time management skills.						
5	To inculcate employability skills among students.						

		Course Content					
Unit	Module	Content	Hours				
No.	No.	Content	nours				
	T	English Vocabulary building:	3				
	1	Affixes, Prefixes & Suffixes					
1	II	Word building- Compound words, Standard Abbreviations	2				
	III	Antonyms and Synonyms- functional usage	2				
	IV	Active & Passive voice	2				
	т	Writing skills:	3				
ſ	1	Parts of speech					
	II	Paragraph writing	2				
2	III	Use of Idioms, Phrases and Proverbs in sentences	2				
	IV	Basic sentence pattern	1				
	V	Importance of punctuation	1				
	т	CALL- Computer Assisted Language Laboratory	4				
	1	Listening exercises- Extempore	4				
	II	Vocabulary building -Task based Lab Activities	5				
3	TTT	Language fluency	5				
	111	Linguistic accuracy & Communicative fluency					
	IV	Listening to varied registers-Role play - Situational Dialogues	2				
	V	Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm- Public speaking	4				







4	Ι	Oral & Written Presentation Tenses	2
4	II	Ice breaking, reporting, Question & answer skill	2
	III	Formal & Informal speech	3
		Total No. of Hrs	45

Self Introduction, SWOT/SWOC, Group Discussion

Course (	Course Outcome					
Students	Students should able to					
CO1	Students will acquire basic proficiency in English including reading and listening comprehension, writing and speaking skills.					
CO2	Students will be able to write formal letters effectively.					
CO3	Students will be able to prepare, organize and deliver oral presentation.					
<b>CO4</b>	Students will develop reading speed and build academic vocabulary.					
CO5	Students will demonstrate behavior and attitudes appropriate to university environment.					

List of	Experiments
Sr.	Description
No.	
1	Module 1
	CALL- Computer Assisted Language Laboratory
	Listening exercises- Extempore
2	Module 2
	Vocabulary building -Task based Lab Activities
	Module 3
	Language fluency
	Linguistic accuracy & Communicative fluency
	Module 4
	Listening to varied registers-Role play - Situational Dialogues
	Module 5
	Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm- Public speaking





RecommendedReso	es							
Text Books	1. Communication Skills by Sanjay Kumar and PushpaLata, Oxford							
	University Press.							
	2. Developing Communication Skill by Krishna Mohan, MeeraBanerji,							
	McMillan India Ltd.							
	3. English for Business Communication by Simon Sweeney, Cambridge							
	University Press.							
	4. Exercises in Spoken English. Parts. I-III. CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford							
	University Press							
<b>Reference Books</b>	1. Ethics in Engineering Practice and Research by Caroline & Whitbeck,							
	Cambridge University Press.							
	2. Basic Managerial Skills by E. H. McGrath, Eastern Economy Edition,							
	Prentice hall India.							
	3. Change Your Thoughts; Change Your Life by Wayne Dyer, Hay House							
	India, ISBN-139788189988050.							
	4. The Power of Your Subconscious Mind by Dr Joseph Murphy							
	MaanuGraphics, ISBN-13 9789381529560.							
	5. Baltra, A. (1986). "Computer assisted language learning: What is it all							
	about?" Paper presented at a conference at the University of							
	California, Irvine.							
	6. Jones, C. (1986). It's not so much the program, more what you do with							
	it: The importance of methodology in CALL. "System, 14"(2), p.171-							
	78.							
	7. Rivers, W. (Ed.). (1987) "Interactive language teaching." NY:							
	Cambridge University Press.							
E-Resources	https://www.britishcouncil.in/sites/default/files/esfe_report.pdf							
	https://www.britishcouncil.org/sites/default/files/english-soft-skills-maghreb-							
	research-report.pdf							
	p://nptel.ac.in/courses/109104030/references/references.pdf							
	p://promeng.eu/downloads/training-materials/ebooks/soft-skills/effective-							
	<u>mmunication-skills.pdf</u>							







#### School of Engineering and Technology Common to All

Year: First Year Course: Technical Communication Semester: II Course Code: 17YHS211

( <b>I</b>	Feac Sch Irs/V	ching eme Wee	g k)	Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)					End Se Exami	emester nation	Total
L	Т	Р	С	CIA-1	CIA-2	CIA-3	CIA-4	Lab	Orals	Lab	
2	-	2	3	10	20	10	10	-	50	-	100
Max. Time,End Semester Exam						n		End Sen	nester Ora	ls –1 Hr.	

Prerequisite	4.	Functional grammar-Paragraph writing, Tenses, Sentence pattern	
	5.	Voice	
	-		

6. Fluency in reading and speaking

Cou	Course Objectives					
1	To help the students in building interpersonal skills.					
2	To develop Emotional Intelligence to deal with difficult situations.					
3	To create an open environment for Communication.					
4	To enhance team building and time management skills.					
5	To inculcate employability skills among students.					

Course Content				
Unit	Module	Content	Hours	
No.	No.	Content	Hours	
1	Ι	Business Communication skill	2	
		Communication: Importance & barriers to communication.	2	
	II	Listening Skills: Listening for Comprehension	2	
	III	Reading Skills: passages from varied registers	1	
	IV	Written Skills: Formal writing, Email writing, picture composition	2	
	V	Writing for social media	1	
2	Ι	Corporate / Business Etiquettes	3	
		Role play	3	
	II	Conversational skills- telephonic, email, situational	2	
	III	Time management	1	
	IV	Application of modern electronic devices	2	
3	Ι	Soft Skills	2	
		Self-awareness: SWOT/SWOC, Positive Attitude	Z	
	II	Body language	1	
	III	Interpersonal skills	2	
4	Ι	Reference & Study Skills	1	
		Use of Dictionary and Thesaurus		
	II	Use of Articles, Journals and Reference books	1	





	III	Writing Reviews	2
5	Ι	CALL- Computer Assisted Language Laboratory Common Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues	5
	II	Communication at Workplace	5
	III	Interview Techniques	5
	IV	Formal Presentations	5
		Total No. of Hrs	45

Beyond the Syllabus Interview Techniques, Group Discussions, Formal Dress Code, Professional Ethics

Course Outcome			
Students should able to			
CO1	Students will acquire communication strategies to participate in group and class discussions		
CO2	Students will be able to utilize digital literacy tools to develop listening skills.		
CO3	Students will be able use a variety of accurate sentence structures.		
<b>CO4</b>	Students will be able to comprehend, analyze and interpret texts written in English.		
CO5	Students willuse grammatical structures appropriately & deliver an effective oral presentation.		

List of Experiments				
Sr.	Description			
No.				
1	Module 1			
	CALL- Computer Assisted Language Laboratory			
	Common Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues			
2	Module 2			
	Communication at Workplace			
3	Module 3			
	Interview Techniques			
4	Module 4			
	Formal Presentations			





RecommendedResources				
Text	1. Communication Skills by Sanjay Kumar and Pushpa Lata, Oxford University			
Books	Press.			
	2. Developing Communication Skill by Krishna Mohan, Meera Banerji,			
	McMillan India Ltd.			
	3. English for Business Communication by Simon Sweeney, Cambridge			
	University Press.			
Reference	1. Ethics in Engineering Practice and Research by Caroline & Whitbeck,			
Books	Cambridge University Press.			
	2. Personality Development and Group Discussions by Barun K. Mitra, Oxford			
	University Press.			
	3. Group Discussions and Interview Skills by Priyadarshi Patnaik, Foundation			
	Books, Cambridge University Press.			
	4. The Power of Your Subconscious Mind by Dr Joseph Murphy			
	MaanuGraphics, ISBN-13 9789381529560.			
	5. The 80/20 Principal by Richard Koch, Nicholas BrealeyPublishings, ISBN-			
	13 9781857883992.			
	6. Time management from inside out by Julie Morgenstern, Owl Books (NY),			
	ISBN-13 9780805075908.			
	7. You can win by Shiv Khera, Macmillan, ISBN-139789350591932.			
Е-	https://www.britishcouncil.in/sites/default/files/esfe_report.pdf			
Resources	https://www.britishcouncil.org/sites/default/files/english-soft-skills-maghreb-			
	research-report.pdf			
	https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/c1d3/e21ea8496e2d828678cde2981aac1bd4ce3e.pdf			
	http://www.iosrjournals.org/iosr-jhss/papers/Vol11-issue4/D01142022.pdf			









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